
**Information technology — Security
techniques — A framework for
identity management —**

**Part 3:
Practice**

*Technologies de l'information — Techniques de sécurité — Cadre
pour la gestion de l'identité —*

Partie 3: Mise en oeuvre



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ISO copyright office
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11
Fax +41 22 749 09 47
copyright@iso.org
www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, SC 27, IT Security techniques*.

ISO/IEC 24760 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Security techniques — A framework for identity management*

- *Part 1: Terminology and concepts*
- *Part 2: Reference architecture and requirements*
- *Part 3: Practice*

Introduction

Data processing systems commonly gather a range of information on their users, be it a person, piece of equipment, or piece of software connected to it and make decisions based on the gathered information. Such identity-based decisions may concern access to applications or other resources.

To address the need to efficiently and effectively implement systems that make identity-based decisions, ISO/IEC 24760 specifies a framework for the issuance, administration, and use of data that serves to characterize individuals, organizations or information technology components, which operate on behalf of individuals or organizations.

For many organizations, the proper management of identity information is crucial to maintain security of the organizational processes. For individuals, correct identity management is important to protect privacy.

This part of ISO/IEC 24760 specifies fundamental concepts and operational structures of identity management with the purpose to realize information system management, so that information systems can meet business, contractual, regulatory and legal obligations.

This part of ISO/IEC 24760 presents practices for identity management. These practices cover assurance in controlling identity information use, controlling the access to identity information and other resources based on identity information, and controlling objectives that should be implemented when establishing and maintaining an identity management system.

This part of ISO/IEC 24760 consists of the following parts:

- ISO/IEC 24760-1: Terminology and concepts;
- ISO/IEC 24760-2: Reference architecture and requirements;
- ISO/IEC 24760-3: Practice.

ISO/IEC 24760 is intended to provide foundations for other identity management related International Standards including the following:

- ISO/IEC 29100, Privacy framework;
- ISO/IEC 29101, Privacy reference architecture;
- ISO/IEC 29115, Entity authentication assurance framework;
- ISO/IEC 29146, A framework for access management.

Information technology — Security techniques — A framework for identity management —

Part 3: Practice

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 24760 provides guidance for the management of identity information and for ensuring that an identity management system conforms to ISO/IEC 24760-1 and ISO/IEC 24760-2.

This part of ISO/IEC 24760 is applicable to an identity management system where identifiers or PII relating to entities are acquired, processed, stored, transferred or used for the purposes of identifying or authenticating entities and/or for the purpose of decision making using attributes of entities. Practices for identity management can also be addressed in other standards.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 24760-1, *Information technology — Security techniques — A framework for identity management — Part 1: Terminology and concepts*